

Criminal Law Problems Syllabus, Fall 2010

Prof. Steve Coughlan, Room 309, 494-1035, stephen.coughlan@dal.ca
Fall term, Wednesdays, 4:30 - 6:30. room 309. Three credits.

Purpose of the Course:

Up until somewhere in the early to mid 1990s, most Criminal Law academics would probably have said that they understood reasonably well what the rules were: there was scope for disagreement on how particular cases might get decided, but generally speaking we had limited police powers, crimes defined in advance, an act requirement and a need for subjective *mens rea*, and rules of evidence. Around that time, the Supreme Court began handing down decisions that seemed to contradict some of the most fundamental expectations - only to render a further decision months later re-affirming the fundamentals. It became difficult to say with any confidence what the rules were.

This course will focus on the current state of the criminal law, and will broadly speaking be an exploration of the extent to which what might have been regarded as the traditional and orthodox approach has been abandoned. That does not necessarily mean the system is going to hell in a hand-basket. Some changes, such as acknowledgement of racial profiling, seem quite beneficial. Many others involve a balance between predictability and fairness - more rigid rules have the benefit of being knowable in advance, but decisions are then less adaptable to the facts of individual cases. There's room for argument about where the best balance is, and no obviously correct answer.

There is no essential subject matter for this course. Rather, following some introductory sessions, the topics to be covered will be dictated by the choices of the participants in the class, potentially but not necessarily based on suggested topics I will distribute. My hope is that we will have a series of discussions which will be interesting and inter-related around the theme above, but whether the actual subject matter of those discussions is roadside sobriety testing, corporate criminal liability or sex offender registries is of secondary importance. Broadly speaking, topics relating to substantive criminal law, criminal procedure, evidence or sentencing would all be suitable subjects. The course is aimed at evaluating whether the current state of the law on various matters is good or bad, not simply at determining what the current state of the law is.

Materials:

There will be handouts for the first several classes which will guide the discussion. Later classes will be centred around two student presentations per week. For those classes, each presenter will be responsible for distributing materials a week in advance. These materials can be entire cases, selections from several cases, secondary materials, or whatever else is sufficient to inform others and spark discussion. Aim for readings which are no more than 20 legal sized pages, but less might be sufficient. You should bring a copy of the *Criminal Code* to class, since it is likely to be relevant, but there is no need to purchase the most recent edition.

Evaluation:

This is a major paper course, and so of course evaluation must primarily be based on the paper. However, having a complete and active discussion of all the topics covered is also an important goal. Accordingly 60% of the marks are allocated to the paper, and 40% to various aspects of classroom discussion. (Personally I think of this as an “interesting discussion course”, but that category is not available in the calendar.)

The paper must be a minimum of 25 pages long, in accordance with the requirements for a major paper course. Given that you will be expected to do work in connection with other presentations, the papers should not be much longer than that: you should aim for a paper in the 25-30 page range. If you feel it is not possible to do justice to your topic within that range, you should speak to me well before handing it in. I am also quite happy to review outlines or drafts and to discuss them, up until one week before the due date for the papers. The papers will be due on **Tuesday December 7th, 2010**. The paper will be worth 60% and will be evaluated according to the criteria for major papers set out in the Calendar.

The other 40% will be assigned to four aspects of the classroom experience. They are:

1) Class presentation: Every student will do a class presentation which will take up one half of a class. You should plan to speak for 20-25 minutes and to have discussion fill the rest of the 50-55 minute total. You will need to prepare materials for distribution in class one week ahead which will leave your fellow students sufficiently informed about the issue in question to be able to form some preliminary thoughts. These readings can be excerpts from a series of cases, a single case, an article, something you have written yourself to introduce the subject matter, or a combination of those. The readings should be no more than the equivalent of 20 legal size pages, and they could be shorter if that is sufficient to inform people and spark discussion. It would be helpful if you have formed a preliminary thesis about your subject matter by the time of your presentation, but this will be less possible for those going earlier in the term, and is not mandatory. Even if you do have a thesis at the time of your presentation, you might change your view by the time you complete the paper.

2) Being a “primary respondent” to one other presenter: the primary respondent’s task is to do some independent research and independent thought, and to be prepared to comment on those issues. The primary respondent is not required to disagree with the presenter’s view, but is expected to have something original to say. This might involve presenting for a few minutes after the main presenter, or it might consist of being particularly involved in the class discussion for that session. You should check in advance with the presenter, to see whether she/he plans to invite participation throughout or to put off questions and comments from others to the end.

3) Advance “reactions”. For at least two presentations by others, you must write a short (half a page to one page) reaction to the readings, to be posted at least a day in advance in a discussion thread on the course website. Your reaction should suggest what you see as the most important issues and express an opinion or otherwise do something that is likely to enhance discussion. You may not react to the presentation for which you are the primary respondent. If you are only doing

two reactions, you must choose presentations on two different days. You might wish to do more than two reactions, depending on how many marks you choose to allocate to this component (see below), in which case you can react to two presentations on the same day. In practice people have often left doing reactions until late in the term and have been rushed, so it might be advisable to start early.

4) Participation, which is simply taking part in the class discussions. This component will be evaluated not merely on whether you have said anything, but on how useful that contribution was to furthering the discussion.

We are trying a small experiment this year, which I hope will work out well. Some people are more comfortable participating spontaneously, while others prefer the chance to think out their remarks in advance, or to participate in writing rather than orally. I hope to allow for those peculiarities in the evaluation process. The class presentation must be worth at least 10%. Each of the other components must be worth at least 5%. However, that leaves a further 15% of the grade to be allocated. You may allocate that 15% however you wish (in increments of 5%) among the four "classroom experience" components. For example, you could make class participation worth 20% of your grade and keep the others at a minimum: alternatively you could make the email reactions worth 15%, and add 5% to your presentation.

In sum, evaluation will be based on this formula:

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| 1) paper: | 60% |
| 2) presentation: | minimum 10% |
| 3) responding: | minimum 5% |
| 4) participation: | minimum 5% |
| 5) reactions: | minimum 5% |
| 6) a further 15% allocated between 2) through 5) | |

You must let me know, by email, by Friday October 1st at the latest, how you wish to allocate your extra 15%. (If I do not hear from you, I will add 5% to each of 2) through 4).)

The curve does not apply to major paper courses, but a median of 73-75% is enforced.

Boilerplate

All students in this course must read the University policies on plagiarism and academic honesty referenced in the Policies and Student Resources sections of the plagiarism.dal.ca website, and the Law School policy on plagiarism, as set out in the law school regulations (available in hard copy from the Associate Dean's office and online at:

http://law.dal.ca/Current_Students/Course_Selection_Materials/Regulations_Handbook/index.php

Any paper or assignment submitted by a student at Dalhousie Law School may be checked for originality to confirm that the student has not plagiarized from other sources. Plagiarism is considered a serious academic offence which may lead to loss of credit, suspension or expulsion

from the law school, or even revocation of a degree. It is essential that there be correct attribution of authorities from which facts and opinions have been derived. Prior to submitting any paper or other assignment, students should read and familiarize themselves with the policies referred to above.

Ignorance of the policies on plagiarism will not excuse any violation of those policies.

Students with Special Needs/Requests for Accommodation

Students seeking special accommodation with regard to course evaluation, such as exam deferral and extensions to deadlines, should consult with Associate Dean Michael Deturbide or Assistant Dean Elizabeth Hughes as soon as possible, and before an exam is scheduled to be written or an assignment is due. Requests for special accommodation for reasons such as illness or personal circumstances will require an application to the Law School Studies Committee. Students should contact Associate Dean Michael Deturbide or Assistant Dean Elizabeth Hughes if they require more information about the Studies Committee process. Students wishing to discuss arrangements for classroom assistance should see Professor Wildeman, the law faculty advisor to students with disabilities.

Students may request accommodation as a result of barriers related to disability, religious obligation, or any characteristic under the Nova Scotia Human Rights Act. Students who require academic accommodation for the writing of tests, quizzes and exams should make their request to the Office of Student Accessibility & Accommodation (OSAA) prior to or at the outset of each academic term (with the exception of X/Y courses). Please see www.studentaccessibility.dal.ca for more information and to obtain Form A – Request for Accommodation. Students may also contact the Office of Student Accessibility & Accommodation directly at 494-2836, and they may contact Associate Dean Michael Deturbide or Assistant Dean Elizabeth Hughes for more information.